

Broadband READY

Regional Digital Equity Engagement – West Central Region

January 17, 2024

Today's Agenda Introductions



State Digital Equity Plan

Unpacking the Plan

Regional Findings

Breakout & Discussion

Submitting Comments

BEAD Challenge Process

Regional Updates & READY

Closing

Announcements & General Discussion





Broadband *READY*

Broadband Regional Engagement for Adoption + Digital Equity (READY)

ILLINOIS BROADBAND LAB

ILLINOIS INNOVATION NETWORK



Illinois Department of Commerce & Economic Opportunity OFFICE OF BROADBAND JB Pritzker, Governor

University of Illinois System



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The Digital Equity Act of 2021 requires State Digital Equity Plan
Provides funding across the State Capacity and Competitive Grant programs



Context



The State Digital Equity Plan highlights digital equity needs in Illinois and offers a perspective on existing assets and ongoing gaps

The Plan highlights unique digital equity challenges and opportunities in Illinois gathered from the Spring 2023 Listening Tour



The State Digital Equity Plan draft is currently open for public comment until January 31st





Digital Equity is the condition in which individuals and communities have **sustained access and the capabilities for productive use** of information technology that is needed for full participation in the society and economy of the United States

Digital equity is the target outcome of federal broadband funding



A stakeholder engagement process that includes underrepresented populations is required to access funds

"Digital equity is necessary for civic and cultural participation, employment, lifelong learning, and access to essential services."

"Achieving digital equity is a matter of social and economic justice and is worth pursuing."



Background: The Digital Equity Act of 2021 provides funding across two digital equity programs

Created by the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, the Digital Equity Act Programs provide funding to promote digital inclusion and advance equity for all

Funding program	Description	Primary focus	Project funding administered by	Timeline
1. Digital Equity State Capacity Grant Program	~\$1.44B ¹ In funding for digital inclusion plans activities	Executing the State Digital Equity Plan (SDEP) by implementing digital equity initiatives (e.g., access to digital literacy training)	State governments	Applications in early-mid 2024
2. Digital Equity Competitive Grant Program	~\$1.25B ² In funding to promote digital inclusion and broadband adoption activities	Facilitating digital inclusion activities (e.g., workforce development programs) as well as broadband adoption and affordability that benefits covered populations	Federal government (NTIA)	Applications in mid-late 2024

State of IL expects to receive \$30M to \$35M from the Digital Equity State Capacity Grant Program³

1. ~\$1.5B allocated in total for the DE State Capacity Grant Program; \$60M for State Planning Grants (FY22), and \$1.44B for State Capacity Grants (FY22 – FY26); 2. <= 10% of fund towards evaluation activities; <= 10% towards administration activities; 3. Estimated based on award formula outlined in Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (US Senate H.R. 3684, Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act)

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The Digital Equity Act of 2021 identifies eight "Covered populations"

Covered Populations

Identity groups and communities disproportionally impacted by digital inequity



Low-income households



Aging populations



People with disabilities



People with language barriers



Incarcerated individuals



Veterans



Racial and ethnic minorities



Rural inhabitants

Covered populations have **historically been unable to fully engage in the digital economy**—gaps in broadband adoption and device access persist between covered populations and their non-covered peers



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Broadband adoption

DATA AC OF 02/04/0000

Covered populations

Broadband affordability

Breakdown of covered populations in IL compared to national averages: ~5.4M (42%) racial or ethnic minorities and ~2.7M (21%) below 150% of the federal poverty line

Illinois United States

DATA AS OF 03/21/2023 Covered population	Breakdown of covered population Percent of total population, total covered p		
Racial or ethnic minority ¹		42% 44%	5.4M 144M
Aged 60 or older ¹	22% 22%	2.8M 73.8M	
In households with incomes at or below 150% of FPL ^{1,2}	19% 21%	2.4M 66.8M	
Hispanic ¹	18% 18%	2.3M 60.8M	
Black ¹	15% 14% 4	2.0M 7.0M	
Immigrant ¹		.8M .8M	
With a disability ¹	11% 1.4M 13% 41.1M	1	
Rural ³	11% 1.5M 12% 39.6M		
With a language barrier ¹	9% 1.0M 8% 25.5M		
Veteran ⁴	5% 538K 7% 17.4M		

1. US Census 2021 ACS 5-year data (Table DP05); Digital Equity Act Population Viewer; 2. Federal Poverty Line; 3. US Census 2021 ACS 5-year data, Based on OMB; 4. definition of rural: a "micro area (urban core of 10,000-49,999 people)" or a county "outside of a metro or micro areas"; 5. US Census 2021 ACS 5-year data (Table DP02), Based on the total civilian population over 18 years and over



Last year, the Illinois Broadband Lab held 55+ listening sessions across the state to hear about residents' greatest barriers to connectivity



Springfield, Central Region 4/26/2023

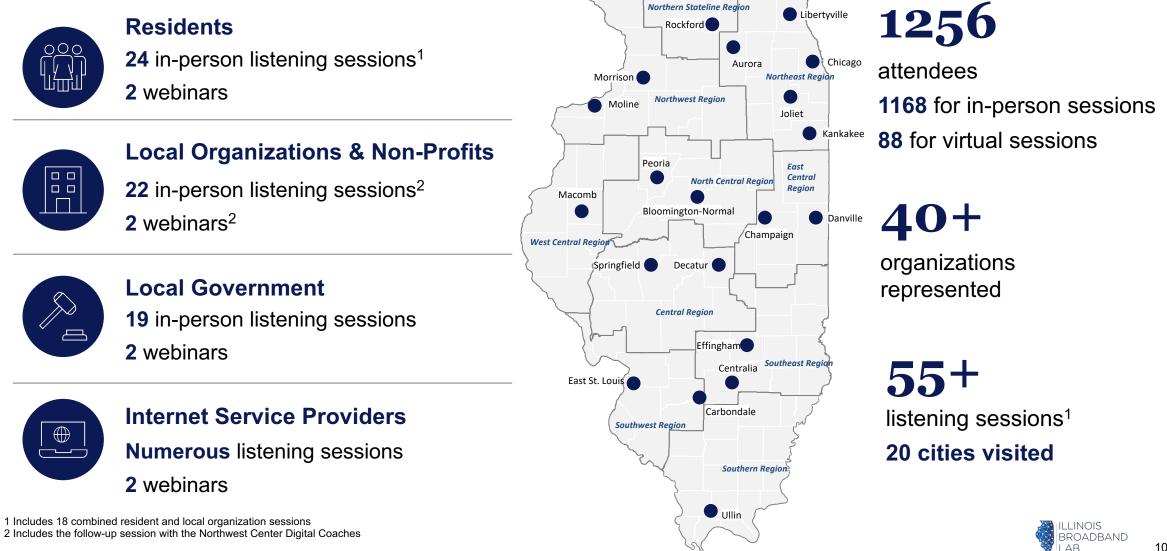
Chicago, Northeast Region 5/3/2023



Sample photos from listening sessions

The listening tour spanned all 10 regions and engaged 1250+ stakeholders

Sessions were held across the state from March to June 2023



Listening tour findings, plus data analysis and research, led to the draft State Digital Equity Plan

The National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) requires each state to develop a digital equity plan, which will inform how the State Capacity grant program is crafted



- The State Digital Equity Plan, or "SDEP", must align with certain requirements from NTIA
- It includes...
 - Findings and takeaways from the listening tours
 - Results from an asset mapping exercise
 - Goals
 - Strategies to achieve these goals
- NTIA requires every state to accept public comment on the plan
 - > Public comment period is open through January 31, 5 pm CT
 - To submit a comment, visit: <u>go.illinois.edu/DEPlanComments</u>
- Following public comment, the state will review and respond to all comments, incorporate feedback in the plan, and submit to NTIA by Feb. 13th



Today's Agenda





State Digital Equity Plan

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Digital Equity Plan Guiding Principles



Strive for Equity **Beyond Just Digital**

Ensuring everyone has opportunities that meet their individualized needs.



Empower **Communities**

Using an inclusive and collaborative approach led by those most impacted.



Stay Accountable to the Vision and the Community

Using well-defined measures for success and transparent reporting



Deliver innovative solutions

Incorporating best practices and novel ideas



Focus on Community **Benefits**

Focusing on creating opportunities and dismantling barriers



Sustainability

Bridging short-term impact and long-term sustainable efforts



Birdseye View: Digital Equity Plan Section Overview

Key secti	ons	Subsections
1.	Executive Summary	
2.	Introduction and Vision for Digital Equity	 Vision Alignment with Existing Efforts to Improve Outcomes Goals and Objectives
3.	Current State of Broadband and Digital Inclusion	Asset InventoryNeeds Assessment
4.	Collaboration and Stakeholder Engagement	Coordination and Outreach Strategy
5.	Implementation	Implementation Strategy and Key ActivitiesTimeline
6.	Conclusion	







Notes: Excludes Appendices

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Vision for Digital Equity (Section 2)

Connect Illinois seeks to:



Ensure universal access to high-speed broadband that is affordable, reliable, and fully scalable for residences, businesses, and community anchor institutions (CAIs) across Illinois.



Leverage new and existing resources for adoption through targeted digital inclusion strategies and sustainable broadband equity outcomes to help communities identify and address existing broadband equity gaps



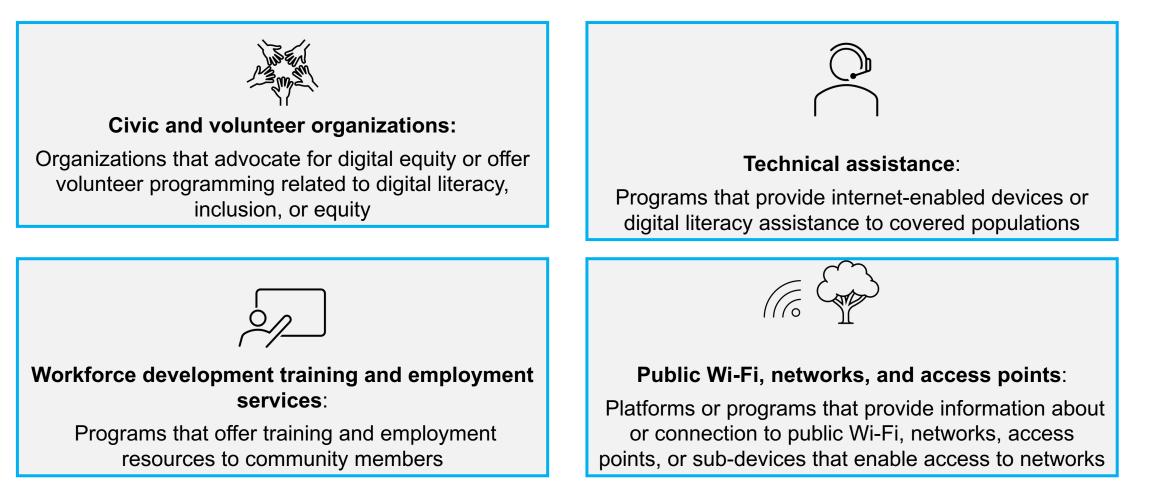
Empower all Illinoisans to utilize and participate fully in an increasingly digital economy and society.

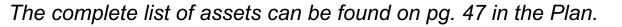


Current State of Broadband and Digital Inclusion (Section 3)

Illinois is not starting from scratch! Let's build upon and leverage our strengths.

Digital inclusion assets are organized into 4 categories:





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Current State of Broadband and Digital Inclusion (Section 3)

Today, 2.9 million Illinois residents in 1.3 million households lack a subscription to highspeed internet in their homes.

This gap may be caused by one or more inter-related factors:

Availability of broadband infrastructure

5% of broadband-serviceable locations in Illinois do not have access to 25/3 Mbps internet service, considered basic internet.

Some 4% of BSLs do not have access to 100/20 Mbps internet service.

Affordability of internet subscriptions

17% of Illinois residents find it difficult to afford their internet bill, and 14% have experienced interruptions in service because they had difficulty paying.

Access to devices

Just 79%, or 3.9 million, of Illinois households have access to either a desktop or a laptop

Low levels of digital literacy

11% of Illinoisans report that they have difficulty completing at least one of the surveyed tasks related to the internet



Current State of Broadband and Digital Inclusion (Section 3)

The digital divide is an equity issue: Gaps are even more stark among covered populations

Individuals who live in covered households

7% more likely than the average Illinoisan to believe that having internet service is "not worth the trouble"

Aging individuals

14% more likely than the average Illinoisan to worry about how to use computers and the internet

Veterans

5% less likely to adopt broadband as compared to the average Illinoisan

Black Illinoisans

5% more likely than the average Illinoisan to experience service interruptions due to difficulties in paying

Residents of rural areas

4% more likely than the average Illinoisan to have trouble getting internet services installed at their residence

People with disabilities

15% less likely to adopt broadband and 15% less likely to have access to internet-enabled devices as compared to the average Illinoisan.

Hispanic Illinoisans

14% more likely than the average Illinoisan to find it difficult to fit a monthly internet bill into their household budget

People with a language barrier

Limited access to digital resources for device troubleshooting and digital literacy training

Justice-Impacted Individuals

Extensive needs for digital learning as part of re-entry into society and to support their efforts to find and acquire jobs



Summary statistics on broadband metrics and covered populations across the 10 regions of Illinois Legend¹

Top 2 highest proportions Above population median

Below population median

	Broadband metrics		Share of each covered population as a proportion of total regional population								
	Unserved	Broad- band adoption ¹	Access to devices	Income less 150% of FPL	Aging ind. (60+)	Veterans	Ind. with disabili- ties	Ind. with Iow English literacy	Racial & ethnic minorities ²	lmmi- grants	Rural
Northeast	1%	76%	94%	18%	21%	3%	10%	42%	56%	19%	0%
Northern Stateline	2%	68%	91%	23%	25%	6%	14%	15%	30%	8%	10%
Northwest	6%	63%	91%	20%	28%	6%	14%	10%	19%	4%	36%
North Central	6%	67%	92%	20%	24%	5%	12%	6%	16%	4%	24%
East Central	8%	65%	92%	24%	22%	5%	11%	15%	25%	8%	22%
Central	9%	63%	90%	21%	26%	6%	14%	4%	14%	2%	44%
West Central	6%	60%	87%	23%	27%	6%	15%	4%	11%	2%	46%
Southeast	24%	58%	90%	22%	26%	6%	16%	4%	6%	1%	100%
Southern	23%	49%	87%	26%	26%	7%	19%	5%	11%	2%	67%
Southwest	8%	68%	91%	18%	24%	8%	14%	4%	22%	2%	23%
Illinois average	5%	72%	93%	19%	22%	5%	11%	9%	45%	14%	11%

For broadband adoption and devices access: darkest color indicates lowest proportions, middle color indicates below state average, and light grey indicates above state average Includes Black or African American, American Indian and Alaskan Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian and other Pacific Islander, Some other race, Two or more races, and Hispanic populations 1.

2.

Covered populations excluded: Justice-impacted individuals, LGBQT+ individuals, women, and rural residents; Units used for analysis: BSLs: unserved; Households: broadband adoption and access to devices; Individuals: all covered populations; Source: US Census 2021 ACS 5-Year, FCC Maps



Covered populations

Broadband affordability

Summary of ACP eligibility and enrollment across regions

	% of	ACP eligibility and enrolln	nent rate by region, as of Sept 2023
Region	BSLs	% of households eligible	% of eligible households enrolled
Northeast	56%	36%	33%
Northern Stateline	4%	47%	32%
Northwest	6%	42%	25%
North Central	6%	40%	28%
East Central	3%	49%	26%
Central	6%	42%	32%
West Central	3%	46%	23%
Southeast	3%	46%	28%
Southern	5%	53%	31%
Southwest	7%	38%	55%
Total	100%	39%	33%

Source: Calculated based on data from USAC ACP Enrollment and Claims Tracker, September 2023, and methodology from Estimating participation in the Affordable Connectivity Program (ACP), October 2022

Key insights

As of September 1, 2023, 33% of eligible Illinois households were enrolled in ACP, ranking Illinois 23rd in ACP enrollment among all 50 states

- Highest enrollment is in the Southwestern region (55% of eligible HHs enrolled)
- Lowest enrollment rate is in the West Central region (23% of the eligible population)

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Broadband affordability

Locations with access to affordable and reliable broadband at 25Mbps download speed

	% of	Price of internet for advertised download speed of 25Mbps+				
Region	BSLs	Less than \$25	From \$25-50	More than \$50	Not Available	
Northeast	56%	94%	-4%	-1%	-1%	
Northern Stateline	4%	72%	-25%	-1%	-2%	
Northwest	6%	-23%	57%	- 14%	-6%	
North Central	6%	56%	-25%	- 14%	6%	
East Central	3%	47%	-13%	32%	-8%	
Central	6%	46%	-21%	25%	8%	
West Central	3%	43%	45%	-7%	6%	
Southeast	3%	-0%	27%	49%	24%	
Southern	5%	-2%	- 18%	56%	24%	
Southwest	7%	0%	81%	- 10%	9%	
Total	100%	67%	18%	10%	5%	

Key insights

In some but not all regions of the state, residents can choose to subscribe to a lower-cost plan that offers 25 Mbps download speeds

- 67% of state residents have access to 25Mbps internet service for less than \$25 per month
- Almost no residents in the Southeast, Southern, and Southwest regions can access 25Mbps internet service for less than \$25



Locations with access to affordable reliable broadband at 100Mbps download speed

	% of	Price of internet for advertised download speed of 100Mbps+				
Region	BSLs	Less than \$25	From \$25-50	More than \$50	Not Available	
Northeast	56%	-0%	97%	-1%	-2%	
Northern Stateline	4%	-0%	82%	-7%	- 11%	
Northwest	6%	-0%	38%	39%	22%	
North Central	6%	-0%	59%	27%	- 14%	
East Central	3%	-0%	51%	39%	- 11%	
Central	6%	-0%	53%	31%	- 16%	
West Central	3%	-0%	45%	36%	- 18%	
Southeast	3%	-0%	- 12%	60%	28%	
Southern	5%	-0%	11%	61%	29%	
Southwest	7%	-0%	74%	- 13%	13%	
Total	100%	0%	77%	15%	9%	

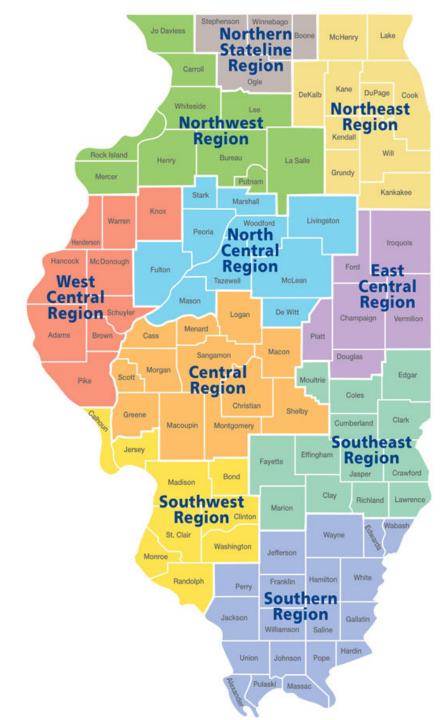
Key insights

Residents must pay at \$25 to \$50 per month for download speeds of 100 Mbps in most of the state

- 77% of state residents have access to 100Mbps internet service for less than \$50
- 15% of residents pay more than \$50 for 100Mbps service
- 9% do not have access to 100Mbps internet service at all
- The Northeast region offers the most affordable internet service



Source: Provider distribution based on FCC Data Maps, accessed Mar 21, 2023. Internet price based on desk research.



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Across all regions, several key themes emerged that informed the Plan

AS SHARED BY PARTICIPANTS ACROSS LISTENING TOUR SESSIONS

Category	Topics	Insights from Listening Sessions
Deployment	Barriers related to geography and outdated technology	Residents shared that outdated broadband infrastructure can limit their access to reliable internet service, particularly in rural communities
	Financial and regulatory barriers	Residents and local organizations shared that providers regularly encounter barriers that can disincentivize their expansion of broadband infrastructure
	Competitive landscape	Many residents underscored the lack of ISP competition in their communities (e.g., only a single available provider), emphasizing the lack of customer agency over quality and price in a single-provider market
Access	Insufficient internet speeds and inconsistent service	Residents and local organizations emphasized that limited bandwidth and latency issues can compound when multiple devices are online – constraining daily activities





Across all regions, several key themes emerged that informed the Plan

AS SHARED BY PARTICIPANTS ACROSS LISTENING TOUR SESSIONS

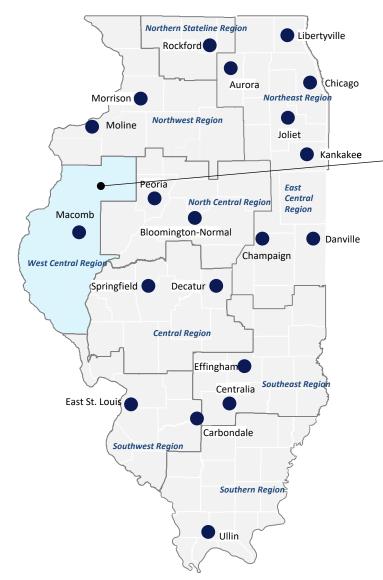
Category	Topics	Insights from Listening Sessions
Affordability	Subscription and device affordability concerns	Residents and local organizations shared that current broadband subsidies can be insufficient for underserved communities and many residents who are eligible are still unaware of the programs Many – across residents, local orgs and ISPs expressed concern that ACP may not last , and are worried about the impact on families
Digital Equity	Lack of robust digital literacy programs and networks	Residents and local organizations underscored that digital literacy programs can be insufficient for residents' daily technical needs
	Constraints on economic growth and upward mobility	Residents shared that the lack of reliable internet can significantly constrain economic activities and development opportunities for both businesses and residents



Community events in the West Central region highlighted gaps in internet connectivity, high costs, and limited provider options

NON-EXHAUSTIVE AS SHARED BY PARTICIPANTS ACROSS LISTENING TOUR SESSIONS

Includes content tailored for West Central Illinois



West Central region (3 events, 85 participants)

Gaps in reliable broadband service can significantly limit broadband adoption

- Many residents reported that the lack of reliable at-home connectivity inhibits them from utilizing digital platforms for daily tasks
- Community leaders shared that many residents and businesses (e.g., farms) cannot take advantage of key services and opportunities (e.g., remote learning) online

High monthly service and device costs and limited provider options

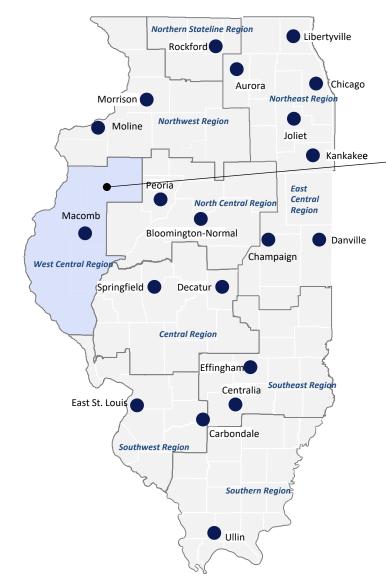
- Many residents shared difficulties with affording monthly internet service and devices due to high costs
- Further, residents shared that financial assistance from ACP is not sufficient to offset costs
- Many residents from low-income neighborhoods expressed concern with limited providers in their area, citing a lack of options for monthly costs and speed



Analysis of public data sources and survey responses reveals strong concentrations of covered populations and gaps in affordability

NON-EXHAUSTIVE

Includes content tailored for West Central Illin

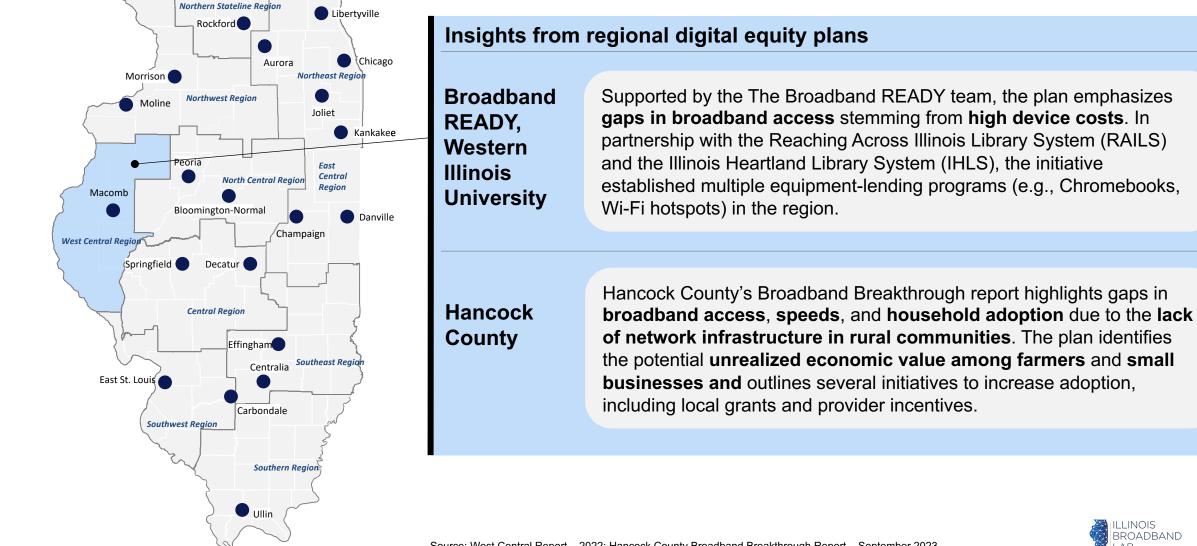


Category	Quantitative insights from public data sources
Broadband access	6% of locations in the West Central region of Illinois are unserved ¹
	60% of households are subscribed to broadband internet ²
Device access	70% of residents in the West Central region have access to a desktop or laptop computer ²
Affordability	23% of eligible households are enrolled in ACP, below the state's total enrollment $(33\%)^3$
	45% of providers in the West Central region advertise internet for download speeds of 100Mbps between prices of \$25 – 50/month ¹
	46% of all households (40,100 out of 86,300) in the West Central region are eligible for ACP, of which 30,700 are not enrolled ³
Demographics	The West Central region hosts high representations of several covered populations: Aging individuals (60+) (27%), Individuals with income <150% of the FPL (23%), and Individuals with disabilities (15%) ²
 FCC Maps American Community Survey 202 USAC ACP Enrollment and Claim Note: All numbers rounded to nearest I 	

Regional digital equity plans in the West Central region highlight gaps in broadband access due to limited infrastructure and high device costs

NON-EXHAUSTIVE

Includes content tailored for West Central Illinois



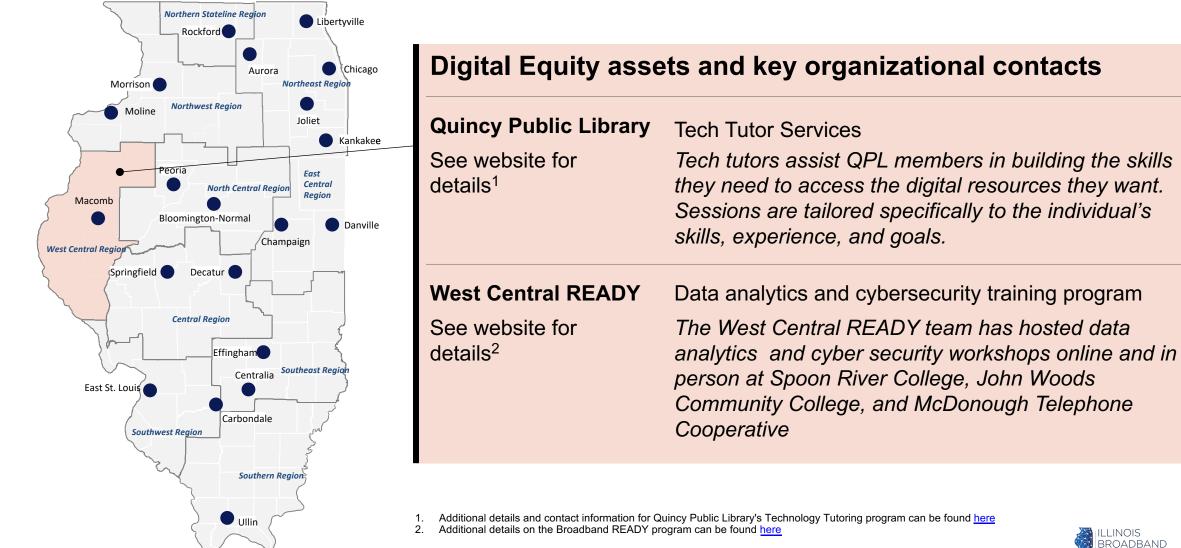
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The Digital Equity asset inventory includes several key organizations and contacts in the West Central region

NON-EXHAUSTIVE



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Measures to ensure a sustainable, effective plan (1/2) (Section 4)

Strive to secure annual federal funding for the state:

Ensure annual fulfillment of the requirements of the Digital Equity Capacity Grant program



Work with local digital equity leaders to support action:

Obtain insight of experienced experts to ensure good use of funding and impact.



Identify and apply for other federal grants: Build additional programs and expand impact beyond the State Digital Equity Capacity Grant



Partner with local organizations that have established relationships with covered populations:

Understand the importance of trust in digital equity work and leverage the influence of trusted organizations.





Measures to ensure a sustainable, effective plan (2/2)

Encourage partners to provide matching funds in grant applications:

Ensure the longevity of individual programs by expanding the number of entities that have an interest in the program's success



Maintain and grow public-private partnerships:

Expand available resourcing and enhance the potential impact of the state's digital equity efforts



Consider offering low-interest loans:

The IOB is considering this financing structure in addition to traditional grant awards to provide regenerative funding that can support even more programs across the state



Provide technical assistance to grantees:

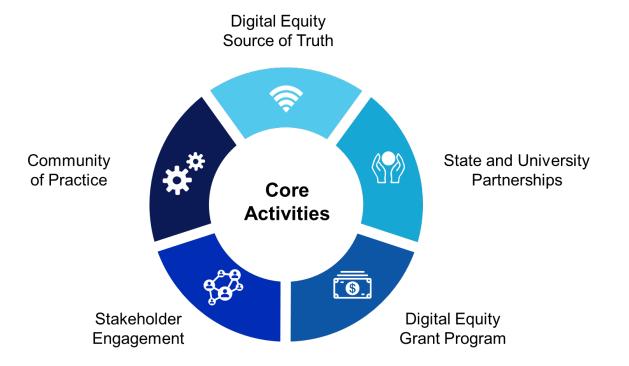
Support grantees in troubleshooting and addressing challenges community organizations face to enable greater impact





Implementation (Section 5)

Achieving digital equity in Illinois will ultimately result from the collaborative work of thousands of leaders, practitioners, researchers, and program designers across the state, with guidance from experts across the nation.



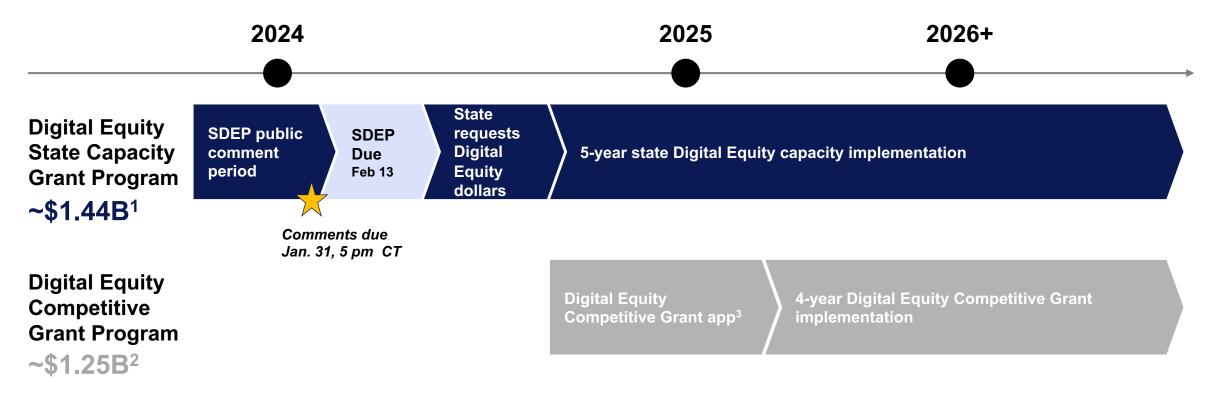
How we'll execute on these plans:

- ✓ Maintain and make available an Illinois digital equity data sets to serve as the common source of truth
- Lead select statewide programming and university partnerships
- ✓ Execute a state-wide digital equity grant program
- Conduct ongoing stakeholder outreach and engagement
- ✓ Support and sustain a digital equity community of practice



The state plans to submit the State Digital Equity Plan (SDEP) by Feb 13th – funds for implementation could be received in the Q4 2024





State of IL expects to receive \$30M to \$35M from the Digital Equity State Capacity Grant Program⁴

~\$1.5B allocated in total for the DE State Capacity Grant Program; \$60M for State Planning Grants (FY22), and \$1.44B for State Capacity Grants (FY22 – FY26); 2. <= 10% of fund towards evaluation activities; <= 10% towards administration activities; 3. Competitive grant program launches within one month of first capacity awards; 4. Estimated based on award formula outlined in Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (US Senate H.R. 3684, Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act)



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State Digital Equity Plan

How you can weigh in



The State Digital Equity Plan is available for public comment until January 31, 2024



The SDEP is available to view at: <u>go.illinois.edu/SDEP</u>

	ate in the public comment period, please complete this form by 5 p.m. (CST) January 31, 2024.
First Name *	
Last Name *	
Email Addres	s *
Organization	*
Title *	
Plan Section Please specif	the section of the plan you are providing comments on.
Comments Type your cor	nments in this field or upload them in the File Upload section below.
File Upload Upload comm	ents here
	Drag and drop files here or browse files

Tips

- Complete every field
- Identify which section your comment is applicable to
- Can provide criticisms & compliments (all feedback is good feedback).
- Due January 31, 2024 at 5 pm CT



Executive Summary



2 Introduction and Vision for Digital Equity



Public comments may be submitted at:

go.illinois.edu/DEPlanComments





Engagement



5 Implementation



6 Conclusion





DOCUMENT INTENDED TO PROVIDE INSIGHT BASED ON CURRENTLY AVAILABLE INFORMATION FOR CONSIDERATION AND NOT TREGOLDE OF CONTRACTOR

Public Comment Tips and Tricks



Suggestions to keep in mind:

- ✓ Support your comment with **substantive data, facts, and stories of lived experience**.
- $\checkmark\,$ Identify the section number within the DE Plan that you are commenting on
- ✓ Make **clear and concise** comments (there is no word limit
- ✓ Suggest an alternative if you disagree with an aspect and include an explanation and/or analysis of how the alternative might meet the same objective or be more effective.
- ✓ Include pros, cons and trade-offs in your comment. Consider different perspectives and respond with your own point of view with examples of how the proposal would impact your life and work.



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Breakout Session



Public comments may be submitted at:

go.illinois.edu/DEPlanComments

10 minutes, Open Format

Guiding Questions

- 1. How will the takeaways from this presentation and the State Digital Equity Plan impact your work serving Illinoisans?
 - What's most important for you and/or the communities you serve? (infrastructure, literacy, adoption, affordability...)

- 2. What section do you plan to engage with further during the public comment process?
 - What do you like? What's missing?



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What is the goal of the Broadband Equity Access and Deployment (BEAD) Program?



The BEAD Program awarded Illinois \$1.04 billion to connect all unserved and underserved locations to broadband over the next 5 years



Ensure universal broadband coverage in the state, using fiber wherever possible



Select sub-grantees to implement broadband within one year, and complete implementation within four years³



Prioritize access for unserved & underserved locations, community anchor institutions, and Wi-Fi equipment for MDUs²



Improve broadband affordability through a lowcost broadband service option and middle-class affordability plan⁴

- 1. Page 14 of BEAD NOFO, on the definition of Priority Broadband Project
- 2. Page 33 of BEAD NOFO, on the allocation of grant funds
- 3. Page 65 of BEAD NOFO, on deployment deadlines and benchmarks
- Page 42-46 of BEAD NOFO, on inclusion of affordability in the BEAD scoring criteria

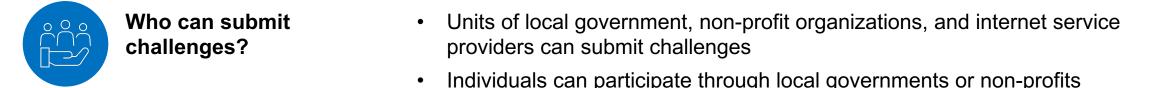
Source: BEAD NOFO

Overview of Illinois Broadband Map Challenge Process



What is the purpose of the challenge process?

- Ensure the state's broadband map accurately reflects your home or organization's access to broadband
- Inform which locations are eligible for funding



What can be challenged?

Each **location displayed on the map** can be challenged if characteristics such as availability, speed, or latency are **not correctly listed**



When will the challenge process be held?

The challenge process will **start in the coming few weeks** and run for 2-4 weeks





What will the challenge process look like?

Step 1:

Pre-register



Welcome to pre-registration for the Illinois Broadband Equity Access and Deployment (BEAD) Challenge Process. By participating in the challenge process, you are helping to make the Illinois Broadband Map accurate. You're also helping to identify your community's broadband needs!

The Illinois BEAD Challenge Process portal will open in early 2024. If you are completing this form as a non-profit, government entity, or internet service provider, you will be emailed a user name and password that you can use to log in to the challenge portal.

If you are an individual, please complete this form to receive communication about how you can participate in the challenge process. The information you provide will ONLY be used to communicate with you about the Illinois BEAD State-Level Challenge Process and will not be sold or shared.

Who is completing this form?

Non-profit (Including Community-Based Organizations and Anchor Institutions)

Broadband Provider

Government Organization

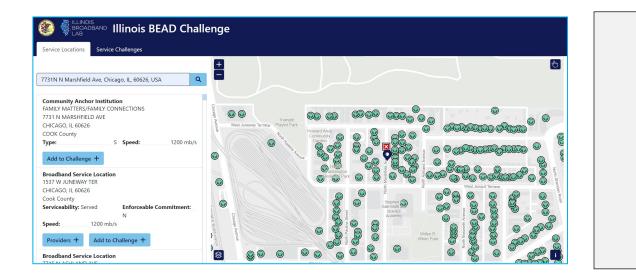
Individual

Step 2:

Select location or area to challenge on the map

Step 3:

Submit evidence of challenge in the portal



Coming soon

Now!

January 22*





January 29*-

*Dates pending final approval of Initial Proposal Volume I from NTIA

What can you challenge?

Challenged location		Code	Challenge type	Description				
		A	Availability	The broadband service identified is not offered at the location, including a unit of a multiple dwelling unit (MDU)				
	Broadband serviceable locations	S	Speed	The actual speed of the service tier falls below the unserved or underserved thresholds				
		L	Latency	The round-trip latency of the broadband service exceeds 100ms				
		D	Data cap	The only service plans marketed to consumers impose an unreasonable capacity allowance data cap") on the consumer				
		Т	Technology	The technology indicated for this location is incorrect				
		В	Business service only	Location is residential, but the service offered is marketed or available only to businesses				
	Enforceable commitments and/or planned service	Ρ	Planned Service	Knowledge that broadband will be deployed at this location by June 30, 2024, without an enforceable commitment or a provider is building out broadband offering performance beyond the requirements				
		Ν	Not part of enforceable commitment	Location in an area subject to an enforceable commitment to <100% of locations and is not covered by commitment				
		E	Enforceable Commitment	The challenger has knowledge that broadband will be deployed at this location by the date established in the deployment obligation				
		С	Location is a CAI	The location should be classified as a CAI				
	Community Anchor Institutions (CAI)	R	Location is not a CAI	The location is currently labeled as a CAI but is a residence, a non-CAI business, or is no longer in operation				
		S	Speed (for CAIs)	The location of the CAI lacks access to at least 1 gigabit symmetrical service				



BEAD Challenge Process

How individuals can participate



How can individuals participate in the challenge process?

- Only eligible entities may submit challenges <u>directly</u>, including:
 - Non-profit organizations
 - Local government entities
 - Internet service providers
- However, these entities can also submit challenges on behalf of <u>individuals</u>
- A local non-profit called the Internet Equity Initiative, based out of the University of Chicago, has developed a tool that can be used by individuals to test their speed and latency, and then be submitted as a challenge

How it works:

Individual takes speed test 3 times, on 3 separate days

Individual includes information, such as name, address, and current internet subscription Internet Equity Initiative receives data, and submits it to the Illinois Office of Broadband as a challenge

Only you know what internet quality you get in your home, and communities where your experience may be different than what's reflected on the map. The more community members who participate, the more we understand broadband need and can ensure funding goes to where it's needed most.



Your role as a trusted local organization

What you can do to empower residents to participate

We want to equip you to bring this information to members of your community, educate them on why the broadband map is important, and support them through the speed test process.

Get trained today, so you can train others tomorrow!

- ✓ Share the opportunity through social media
- Print and distribute one-pagers at events and meetings
- ✓ Post to bulletin boards in community spaces like grocery stores, laundromats, community centers, field houses, etc.
- ✓ Train members of your community on how to participate
- Support residents you have relationships or touchpoints with – show them how to check their current subscription, help them take a speed test





The important role of multi-dwelling unit residents



In some instances, an apartment building may be marked as connected to high-speed internet on the broadband map, when not all units are.

How can you correct the map?

Residents can take 3 speed tests over 3 days to document their reality, and potentially alter whether their building is eligible for funding to update broadband infrastructure.

- In a 2- to 15-unit building, at least 1 unit must participate
- In a 16- to 24-unit building, at least 2 units must participate
- In a building with 25 or more units, at least 3 units must participate

Will my participation have an impact on the map?

The entire building may be considered eligible for funding to improve broadband quality if:

- 1) The median of three speed tests taken on three separate days delivers a result slower than 100/20 mbps or latency above 100 mbps, and
- 2) Units subscribe to a plan 100/20 mbps or higher





Find the internet speeds your household currently subscribes to.

There will be a download and upload speed, labeled as megabits per second, or MBPS (i.e., 100/20 mbps)



Where can I find my current subscription?

- Option 1: Log onto your account online or using your internet provider's mobile app
- Option 2: Call your internet service provider and ask what speeds you subscribe to

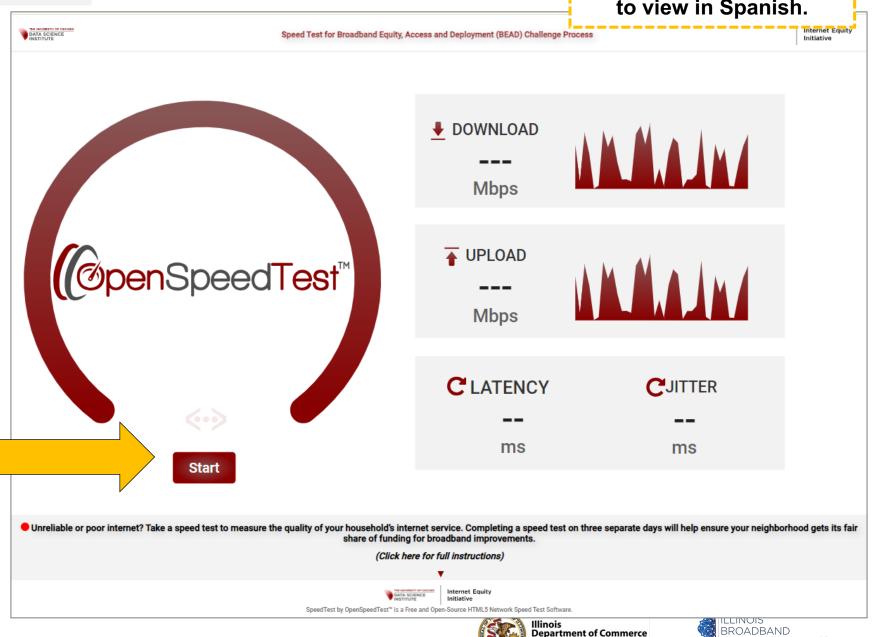


Hover over text on website to view in Spanish.

Visit <u>BEADChallenge.org</u>

Click "Start"

This will prompt the speed test to begin. It may take a minute or two.

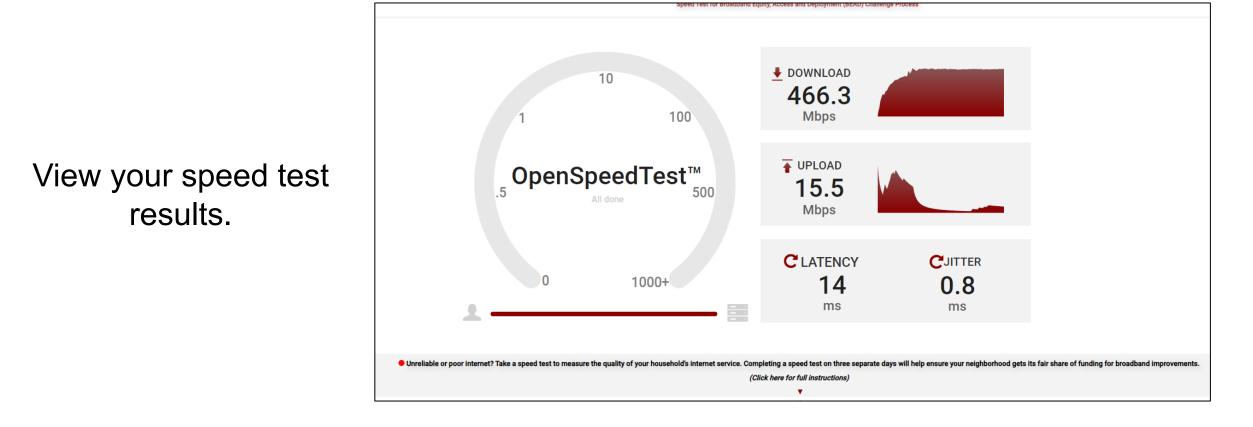


Best practices:

- Get close to your router
- Plug into your router if you can

I AB

Economic Opportunity



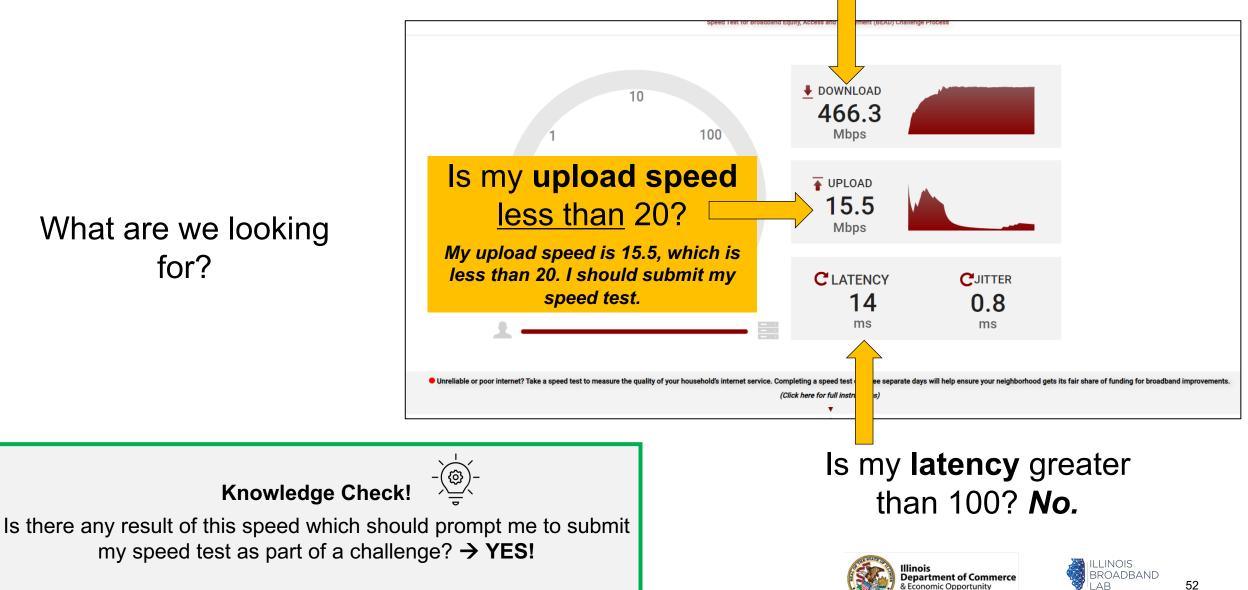


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Is my download speed less than 100? DOWNLOAD 10 466.3 100 Mbps Is my upload speed UPLOAD 15.5 less than 20? What are we looking for? Mbps **C**LATENCY CJITTER 1000 +14 0.8 ms ms Completing a speed test (Click here for full instru Is my **latency** greater (@)-Knowledge Check! than 100? Is there any result of this speed which should prompt me to submit my speed test as part of a challenge? **ILLINOIS** Illinois BROADBAND **Department of Commerce** AB conomic Opportunity

Speed Test Tool Instructions

Is my download speed less than 100? No.



If your speed tests generates one of the following, you'll receive this notification

- Latency over 100 ms
- Download speed less than 100 mbps
- Upload speed less than 20 mbps

beadchallenge.org says

e R

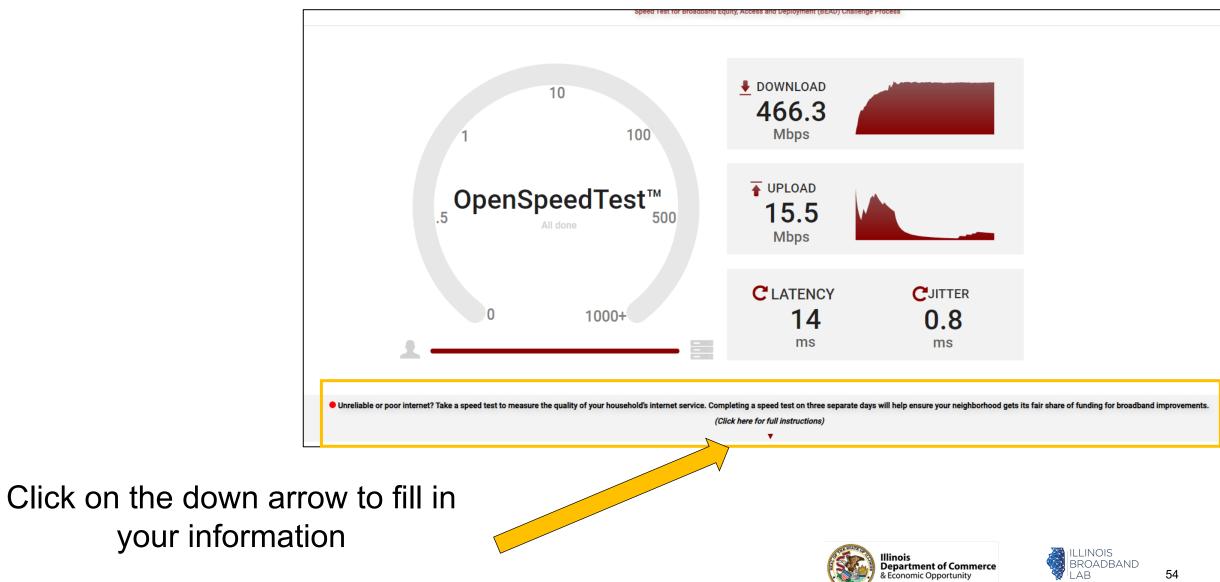
Attention: Poor internet performance has been detected in your last speed test measurement! To make sure that this measurement informs your community's eligibility for funding and is reflected on the Illinois Broadband Map, fill in your address, zip code and email below and submit the results for analysis. Thank you.

- The Internet Equity Initiative Team





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Fill in your information, then click Submit

Email		ZIP Code				
Street Number	Street N	ame				
Unit #		City		State		
l attest that	t I have su	ıbscribed	l for an Ir	nternet plai	n of (Mbps	s):
Download Speed			Upload Speed			







Take **two more speed tests, over two separate days**, and **submit** your information each time.

A challenge won't count unless there are **three speed tests across three** days.

(Does not need to be three days in a row, just three separate days.)





Community outreach materials downloadable at:

dceo.illinois.gov/beadchallenge









One-Pager for Individuals

Instructions for Individuals

Let's get the **Illinois broadband map** right!

Help make sure Illinois broadband dollars go where they're needed most by completing three speed tests, on three different days.

Visit BEADChallenge.org to get started.

It's as easy as 1-2-3!

Confirm what internet speed your household subscribes to, and write it down or take a screenshot. Log into your internet service account to check.

Your subscription speed will include a download speed and an upload speed. For example, "100/20 mbps."

Visit <u>BEADChallenae.ora</u> and click "Start" to run a speed test.

Click on "Click here for full instructions!" and then fill in your name, email, zip code, address, and speed you currently subscribe to. Then click "Submit"!

Repeat steps 1 - 3 two more times on two separate days to make sure your challenge is complete

What is a speed test?

A speed test measures the speed and quality of your internet at a point in time.

Why should I take a speed test? Taking a speed test will help ensure that the Illinois Broadband Map accurately shows where there is and is not quality internet available to residents.

What is this tool?

By completing a speed test using this tool and sharing your location information, the University of Chicago Internet Equity Initiative will submit internet quality information on your behalf.

What happens after I submit my speed test? You'll then be prompted to complete two more speed tests on two separate days to complete the process. To help you out, you'll receive email reminders to complete your second and third speed tests.

Ouestions? Email broadband@illinois.gov or visit DCEO.illinois.gov/BEADChallenge.

ILLINOIS BROADBAND I A R



One-Pager for Residents of Multi-Dwelling Units



- In a 16 to 24-unit building, at least 2 units must participate
- In a building with 25 or more units, at least 3 units must participate

How do I know if my speed tests will change the map?

The entire building may be considered eligible for funding to improve broadband quality if:

1) the median of three speed tests taken on three separate days delivers a result slower than 100/20 mbps or latency above 100 ms, and 2) units subscribe to a plan 100/20 mbps or higher.

Questions? Email broadband@illinois.gov or visit DCEO.illinois.gov/BEADChallenge.





(?)

Download **One-Pager:**

(1)

(2)

3

?

dceo.illinois.gov/ **beadchallenge**

Non-profits, local gov, ISPs can submit challenges directly – but preregistering for the challenge process online is <u>required</u>

Why is pre-registration required?

Communications: Receive up-to-date communication about the challenge process, including important dates, resources, and updates

Identity Verification: For a challenge to be submitted, the IOB needs to verify that the entity submitting the challenge is eligible

It's an easy and quick way to make sure you're able to help ensure the broadband map is accurate. Click here to pre-register.

	English
First Name	
Last Name	
Telephone Number	
·	
Email Address	
Verify email address	
Job Title/Role	

Sample screenshot from pre-registration form



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Today's Agenda

Introductions

State Digital Equity Plan

Unpacking the Plan

Regional Findings

Breakout & Discussion

Submitting Comments

BEAD Challenge Process

Regional Updates & READY

Closing

Announcements & General Discussion



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Regional Updates & READY



Digital Navigator Corps

- Central Layla Brown
- East Central Jessica Black
- North Central John Scott
- Northeast I (City of Chicago) Chanel Scott
- Northeast II (Cook County) Jennel Hooper
- Northeast III LatinxDLN (in Chicago) Alejandra Sanchez
- Northern Stateline Cade Zima
- Northwest Grace (Gracie) Clucas
- Southeast TBD: Graduate Assistant at Eastern Illinois University to serve early 2024
- Southern TBD: A Graduate Assistant at Southern Illinois University – Carbondale to serve early 2024
- Southwest Marva Rucker
- West Central Vikkie Becker



Today's Agenda Introductions

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Announcements & General Discussion



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Illinois Broadband Lab

Statewide Meetings Calendar

- ACP Outreach Monthly Call
 - 3rd Thursday 11-12pm
- Statewide Digital Equity Call Monthly
 - 1st Fridays 1-2pm
 - Next Call: Feb 2, 2024
- Illinois Broadband Advisory Council (Quarterly Meetings)
 - Next Meeting: TBD

Questions? Email: IllinoisBroadbandLab@Uillinois.edu





Broadband Breakthrough Update

Thursday mornings beginning Jan 4, 2024

Participating Counties

Clinton County (Southwest) Cumberland, Jasper and Crawford Counties (Joint effort) (Southeast) Logan County (Central) Macon County (Central) Perry County (Southern)

Accepting applications for the second cohort. The deadline for applying is **January 30th.**



Email Bill Coleman bcoleman@Benton.org

Contact Team

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Illinois Department of Commerce & Economic Opportunity OFFICE OF BROADBAND



Illinois Office of Broadband

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Where you can find additional information

01

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Visit our websites: IOB: dceo.illinois.gov/connectillinois IBL: broadband.uillinois.edu

02 Email IOB at broadband@Illinois.gov Email IBL at illinoisbroadbandlab@Uillinois.edu

> Subscribe to Illinois' Bi-Weekly Broadband Newsletter at go.Illinois.edu/illinoisbroadbandconnections



Join Broadband READY

Central | University of Illinois Springfield East Central | University of Illinois Urbana - Champaign North Central | Illinois State University Northeast | Chicago State University Northern Stateline | Northern Illinois University/Region 1 Northwest | WIU Quad-Cities (TBD) South | Southern Illinois University Carbondale Southeast | Eastern Illinois University Southwest | Southern Illinois University Edwardsville West Central | Western Illinois University



Closing Announcements

